

Helping Europe respond to the impact of climate change

CLIPC – status update





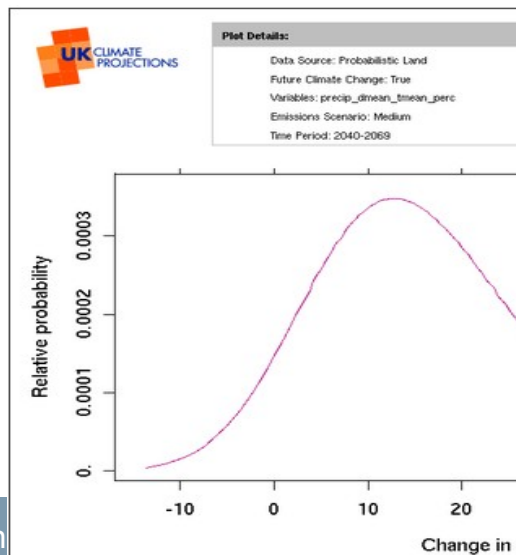
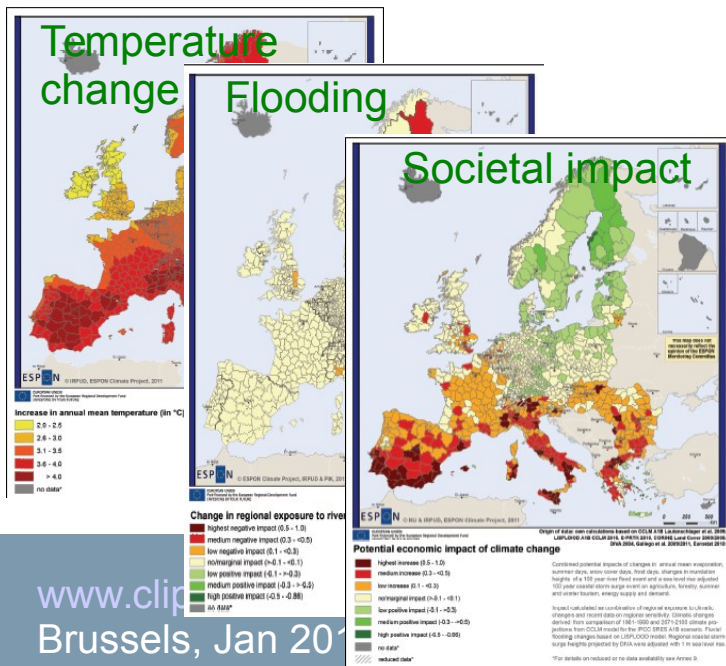
Project started Dec. 2013, first meeting Jan. 2014

www.clipc.eu



CLIPC Mission

- CLIPC will provide access to climate information of direct relevance to a wide variety of users, from scientists to policy makers and private sector decision makers;
- The “one-stop-shop” platform will provide data and information on climate and climate impacts, and ensure that the providence of science and policy relevant data products is thoroughly documented;
- Engage with user communities to inform development.



CLIPC is one of 5 projects funded in the last FP7 SPACE call to support the launch of the Copernicus Climate Change Service



Eucleia

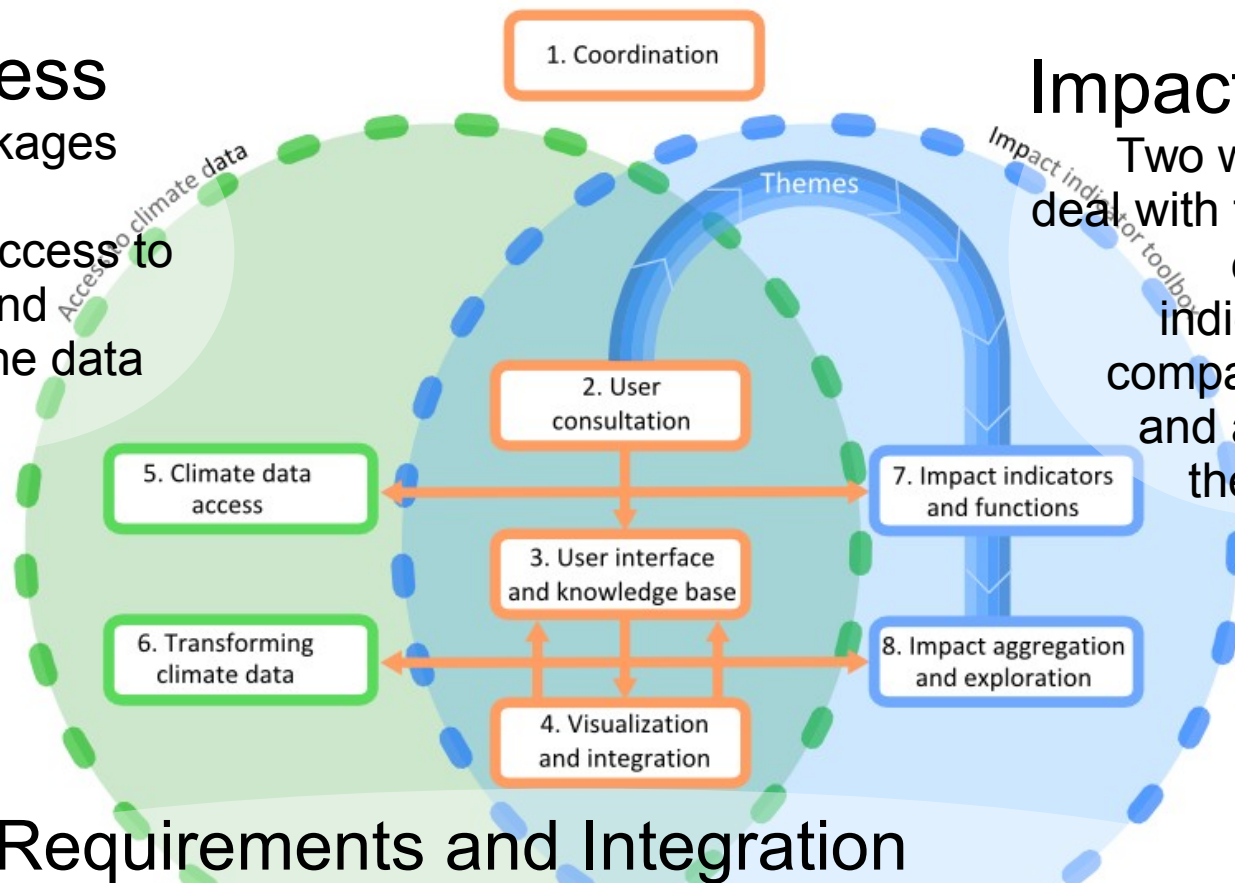


Data access

Two work packages dealing with harmonising access to climate data and harmonising the data itself.

Impacts toolkit

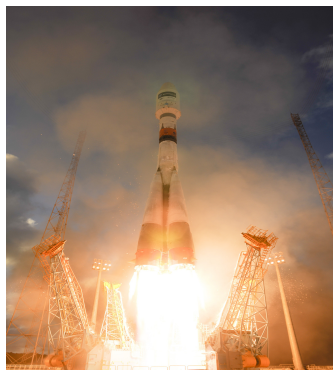
Two work packages deal with the creation of climate impact indicators and the comparison, ranking and aggregation of these indicators.



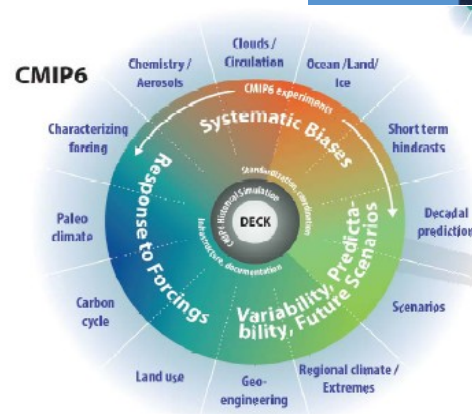
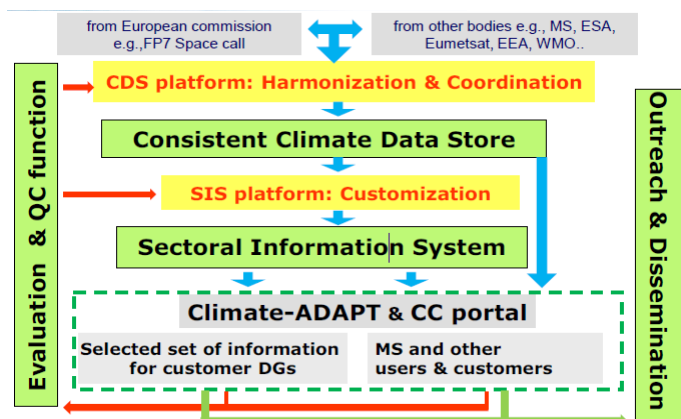
Requirements and Integration

Three work packages cutting across data access and impacts toolkit issues: User Requirements, User Interface and Knowledge Base, and Visualisation and Integration.

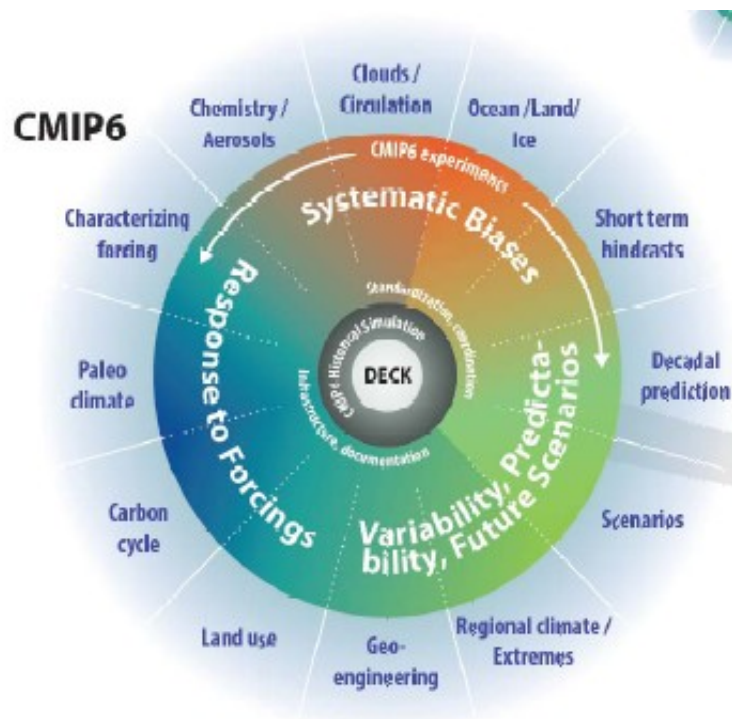
2014 – towards a European Climate Change Service



- Launch of Sentinel 1
- Finalisation of AR5
- Copernicus Climate Change Service contract signed
- Launch of CMIP6



CMIP6 – transforming climate projections



- Extended scientific scope, more analysis of land use and environmental response;
- CLIPC is engaging in the development of data specifications, working for convergence of standards;

ESA Climate Change Initiative



Initial objective to publish SST and Ocean Colour through ESGF;

Status:

File format compliance checker configured to enforce CCI standards.

Expect publication in next 6 weeks.



Workshop on design of scientific portals

KNMI, Netherlands, November 17th to 19th, 2014.



Joint with IS-ENES2

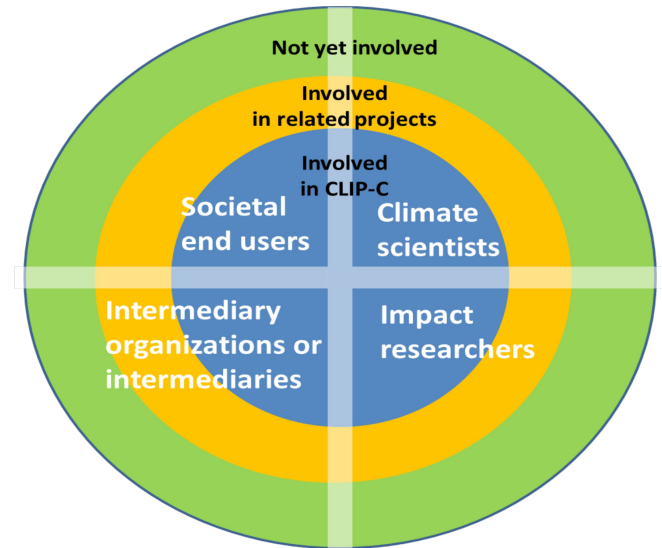


With contributions from
IFREMER, ECMWF,
CORE-CLIMAX, and QA4ECV.

User requirements: adding value

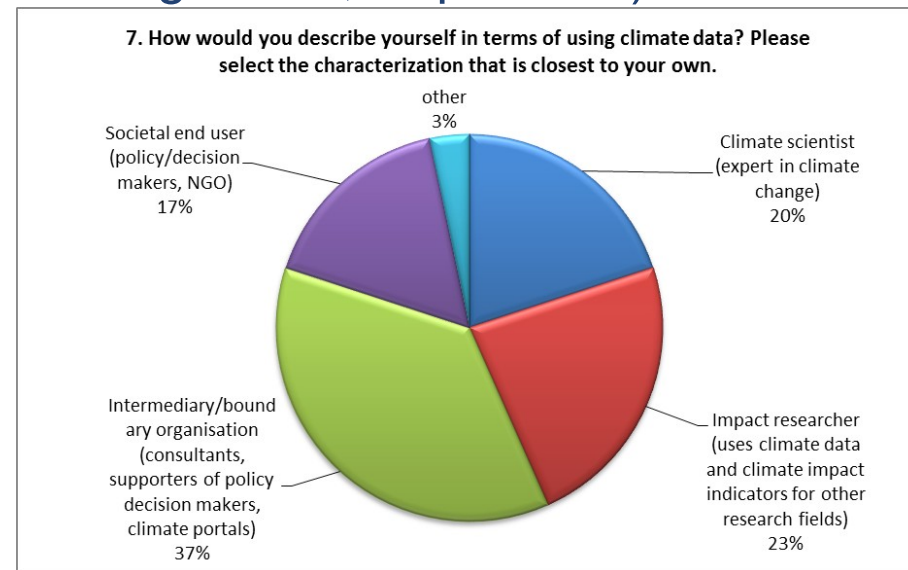
- Review of past and ongoing projects
- Four different user categories
- User interaction strategy defined per priority user category
- First insights in user requirements

User requirements workshop, Feb. 3rd, 2015



User requirements capture (ongoing)

- Meetings (CLIPC- EEA meeting, May, 2014; CIRCLE2 conference, March, 2014; EIONET Workshop on 'Climate Change Impacts, Vulnerability and Adaptation', 24 June 2014, Copenhagen, Network of European Environmental Protection Agencies, Sept. 2014)
- Database > 500 potential users
- Online survey:
 - 73 pos. responses
 - 53 will participate
- Qualitative interviews



Results on line survey

Summary:

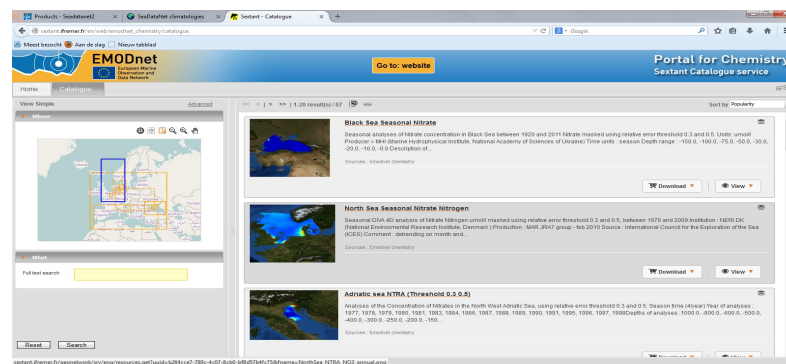
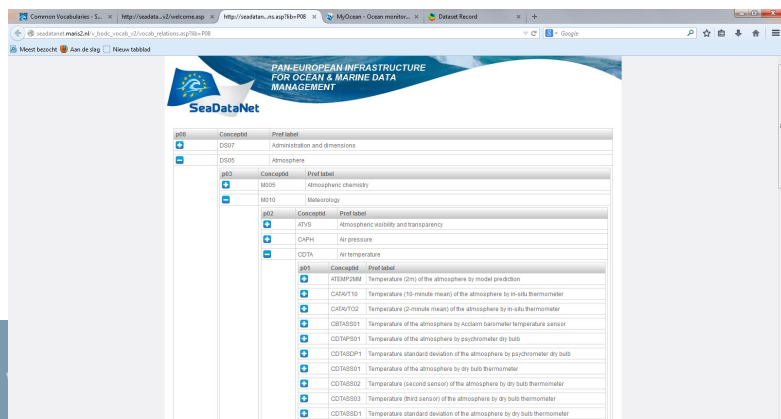
User type	Top 3 features ranked by majority as Very important/important
Climate scientist	Free open access Availability and quality of metadata Verifiability of information and data provided
Impact researcher	Free open access Accessibility of data Amount of data available
Intermediary/boundary organization	Explanations of climate data and climate impact indicators Usage of understandable language Free open access
Societal end user	Usage of understandable language Diversity of subjects Free open access

Intellectual Property Rights Management

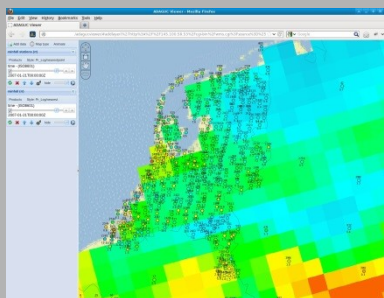
- The Copernicus enabling legislation is clear that Copernicus data will be free at the point of access (at least to designated users).
- Controls on data access may be implemented to monitor usage levels, manage resources, enable data recall, or gain agreement to term of use.
- For all of these, the costs in terms of reduced flexibility and ... (e.g. under international copyright legislation, users have a duty to respect the interests of the IPR owner.)

Knowledge base

- Catalogue (Scientific information) — harvested ISO metadata and Digital Object Identifiers for citation;
- Commentary — from the user community via CHARMe; including quantitative quality information;
- Technical documentation — e.g. Common Information Model, ngEO;
- Glossary of terminology — searchable, structured vocabularies using “Simple Knowledge Organization System” (following SeaDataNet);
- Literature — searchable registry of grey literature.



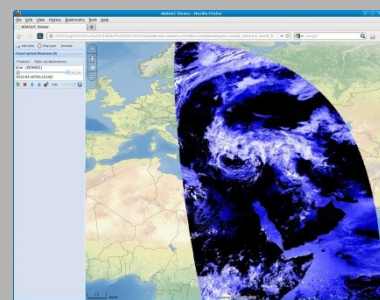
Observations



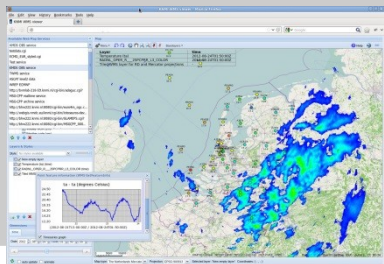
Radar



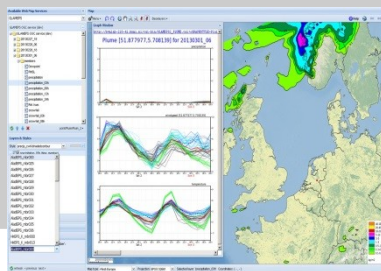
Satellite



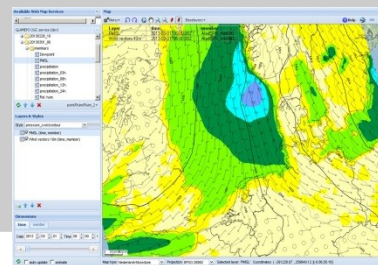
Timeseries



Ensembles



Meteorology



Visualisation framework based on KNMI AGUDUC service.

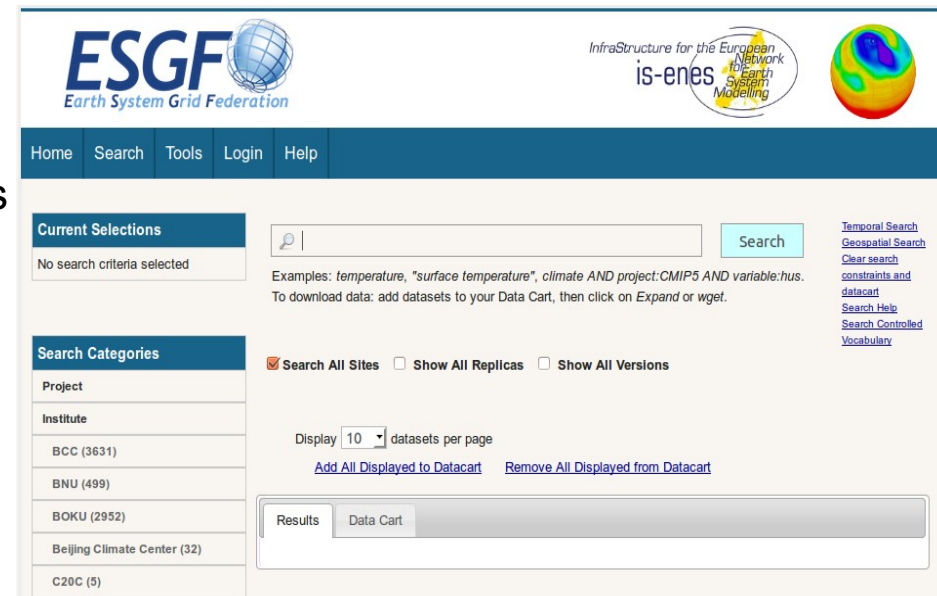
CLIPC Architecture

The Earth System Grid Federation provides a baseline for the CLIPC architecture

- Single sign-on through the ESGF OpenID system.
- Controlled vocabularies to support structured navigation between and within datasets;
- Direct access to data via OPeNDAP
- Distributed services

Extensions

- Support for tape storage
- Extending vocabularies for new data categories
- Improving vocabulary management
 - linked to SeaDataNet implementation of British Oceanographic Data Centre vocabulary service
- Interoperability with ESA ngEO services;

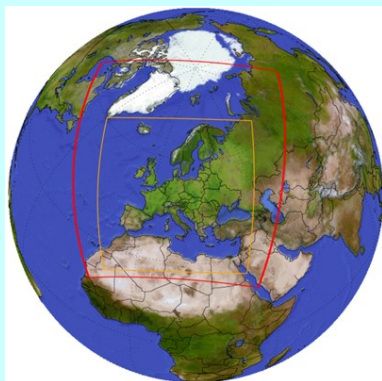


Bias-Correction Intercomparison Project

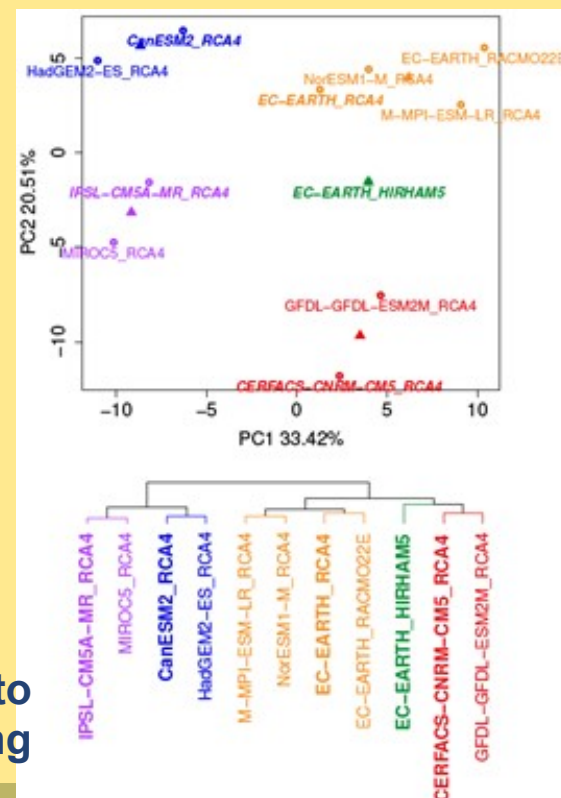
Multi-project initiative to develop authoritative bias-adjusted datasets

- Working at three spatial resolutions:

global (GCM) scale	~100-200 km
CORDEX EUR-44	~50 km
CORDEX EUR-11	~12 km



CLIPC is addressing the demand for harmonised data through bias adjustment and reduced ensembles



Generation of reduced ensembles to support impacts modelling

This project has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme for research, technological development and demonstration under grant agreement no 607418

Documentation of climate change and impact indicators

- Review of existing frameworks
- Process discussed at workshop with European Environment Agency;
- 2nd meeting with EEA, April 2015, to discuss support for 2016 EEA report on climate change impacts and vulnerability.



Existing indicators documented,
in 3 tiers

Climatological statistics

e.g. dry day
duration

e.g. storm
damage

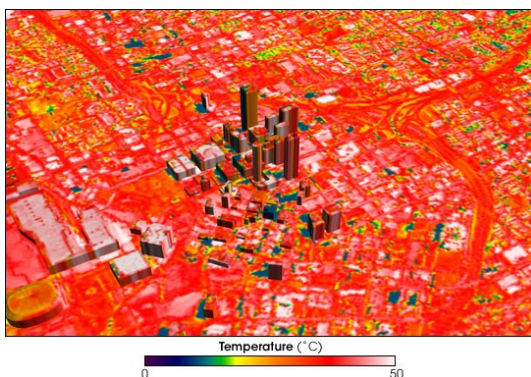
The physical environment

e.g. flood
risk

Impact on society

Existing indicators documented, in 3 tiers, and 3 themes:

Urban



Thermal image of Atlanta (US) (Wikipedia)

Rural



2013 fires (Portugal) (Uni. Freiburg)

Water

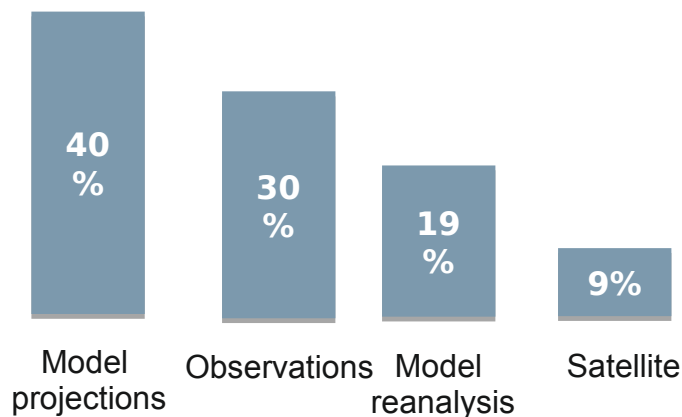


Elbe river (Germany) (Wikipedia)

Indicator database

Description of methodological base	Nr
Transformation of a single climate variable	33
Metric combining several climate variables	12
Metric aggregating climate & non-climate data	12
Metric from bio-physical data other than climate	9
Output of biophysical or economic model.	1

- 81 entries to date;
- Tier 3 indicators hard to capture;
- Tier 1 nicely covered (but more work on the urban theme).

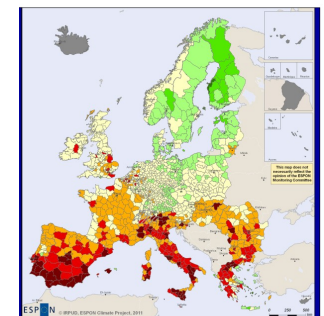
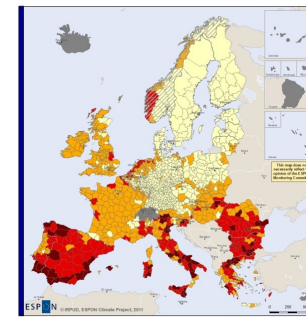
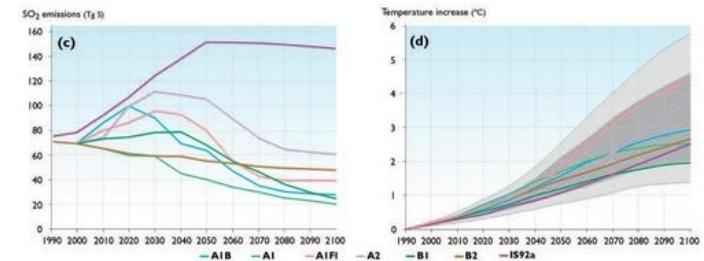


Scenario-based exploration tools

Objective: Interactive tools that allow users to explore alternative scenarios of climate change impacts.

Currently

- Reviewing existing sensitivity scenarios
- Assessing needs and requirements for modified/additional scenarios

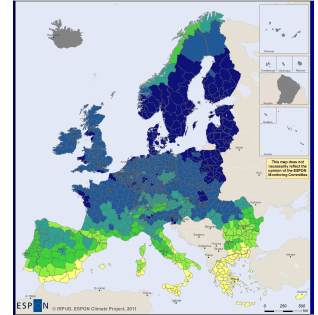
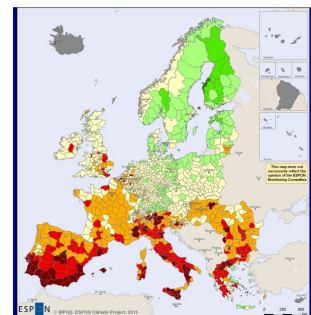
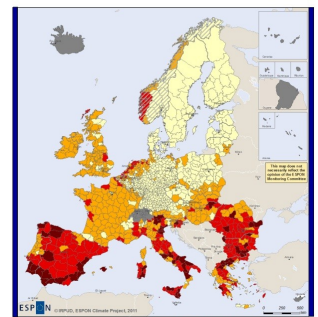
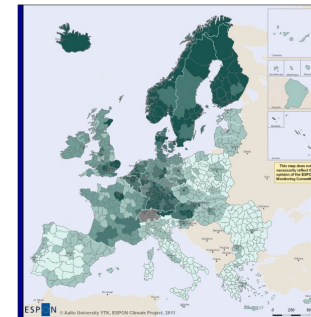
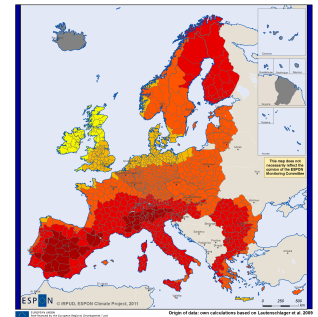


Indicator comparison tools

Objective: Interactive tools that allow users to compare, rank or aggregate impact indicators.

Currently

- Exploring existing comparison tools
- Exploring user needs





THANK YOU!