

# Introduction of the Historical In-situ Snow Data Holdings in NMIC of CMA

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2014/12/3



# Outline

**Snow observation in China**

**Snow data archived in NMIC**



# Snow observation in China



# Snow observation in China

## Measurement of snow cover

- When more than 50 percent of open ground around a station is covered by snow (also including granular snow, sleet and ice pellets), snow cover depth measurement should be carried out.
- It is usually at 8 o'clock in Beijing Time to make the measurement, and it is manually done by 3 times with a graduated ruler or scale.





# Snow observation in China

## Measurement of snow cover

- The record is a mean value in cm unit of those 3 measurements. If the mean value is less than 0.5 cm, trace of snow is recorded.
- Supplement surveys will be made at 14 or 20 o'clock, if 8 o'clock measurement had not been done as it did not fulfill observation condition.





# Snow observation in China

## Other measurements related to snow

- Solid precipitation observation: measuring water equivalent by using standard rain gauge overflow to obtain a sample
- Weather phenomena:
  - ✓ Snow cover
  - ✓ Solid precipitation phenomena, such as snowfall, snow shower, sleet, ice pellets ...



# Snow data archived in NMIC



# Snow data archived in NMIC

## ❑ Snow cover & solid precipitation over China

- Daily snow cover dataset (In development)
- Daily solid precipitation dataset (In planning)

## ❑ Global snow cover

- Global surface synoptic reports dataset (1980~)

## ❑ Climate normal value

- **Monthly** surface climate normal dataset over China (1971-2000)
- **Yearly** surface climate normal dataset over China (1971-2000)
- **Monthly** surface climate normal dataset over China (1981-2010)
- **Yearly** surface climate normal dataset over China (1981-2010)



# Daily snow cover dataset

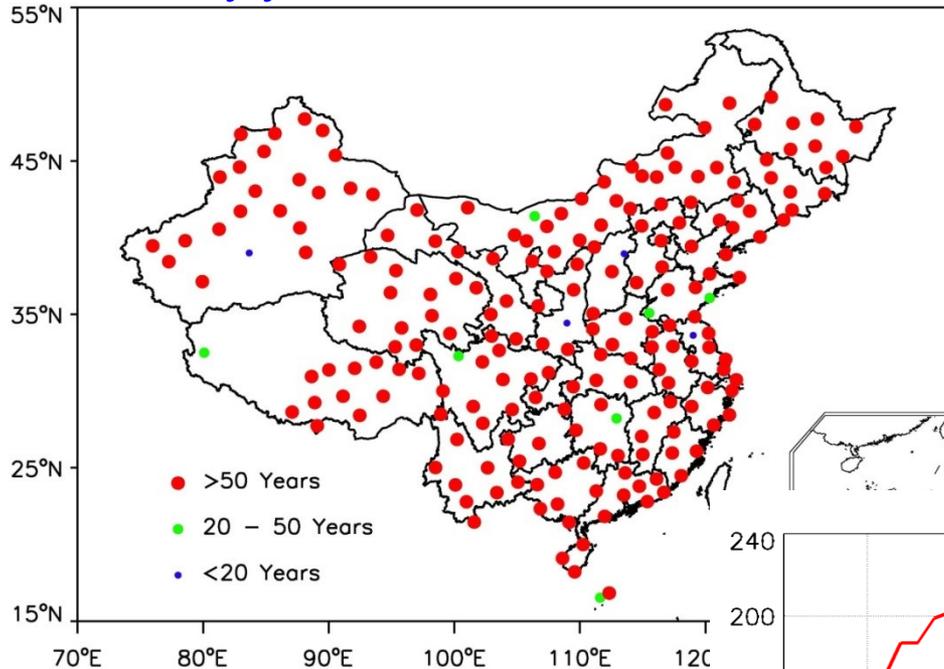
## Contents:

- Snow cover depth ← Snow cover observation
- Snow pressure ← Snow cover observation
- Snow cover day ← Weather phenomena
- Snow depth increment ← Snow cover depth



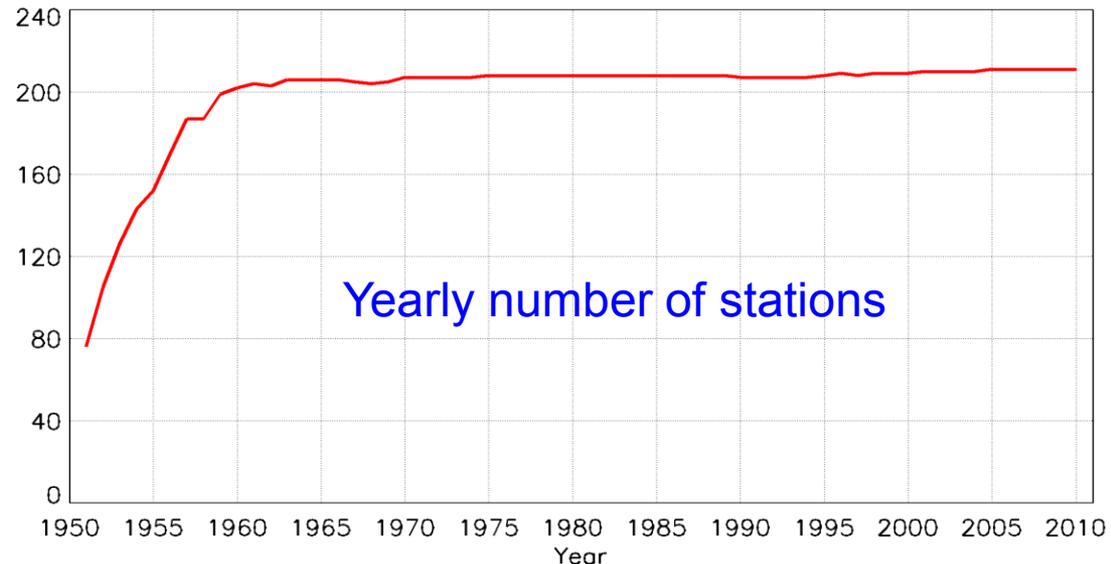
# Daily snow cover depth data

## Survey year of 212 stations over China



- 94.8% of the 212 surface stations have more than 50 years daily snow cover depth measurements.
- 4 stations' series are less than 20 years, as 3 stations established among 1990 to 2000 and 1 station canceled snow cover depth observation from 1966.

- 1951-1960 is a so called surface station establishment period.
- After 1960, more than 200 stations carry out snow cover depth measurements.





# Daily snow cover depth data

## Data integrity

- Yearly integrity: 99.5%~100%
- Integrity for single station:
  - 2 stations' integrity are between 95% and 98%
  - 210 stations' integrity are higher than 98%

## Quality control

Internal consistency method is used to check the data quality.

- Weather phenomena related to snow
- Solid Precipitation

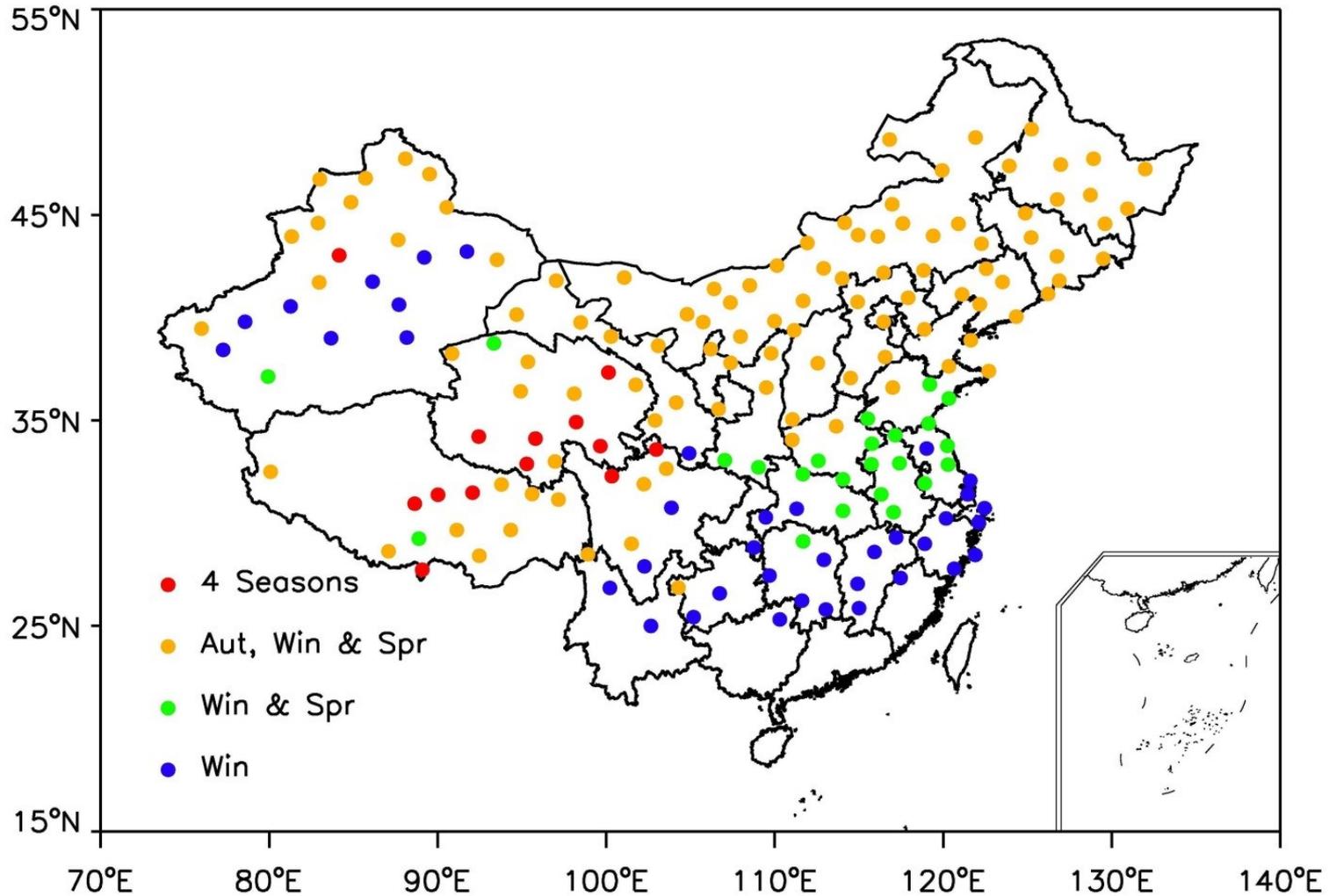
## Data quality

- Every station's data quality is higher than 99.4%



# Daily snow cover depth data

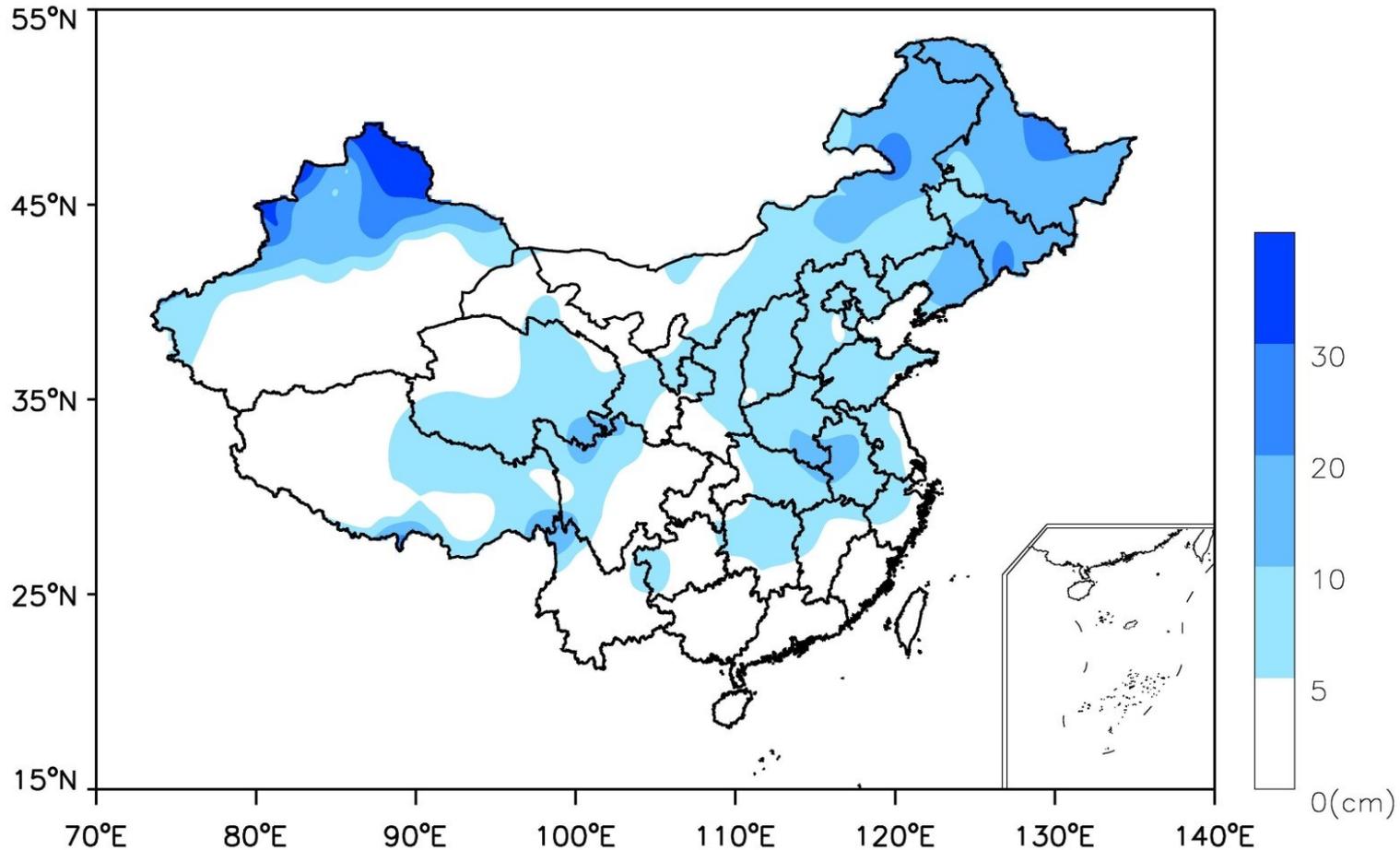
Existing season of snow cover





# Daily snow cover depth data

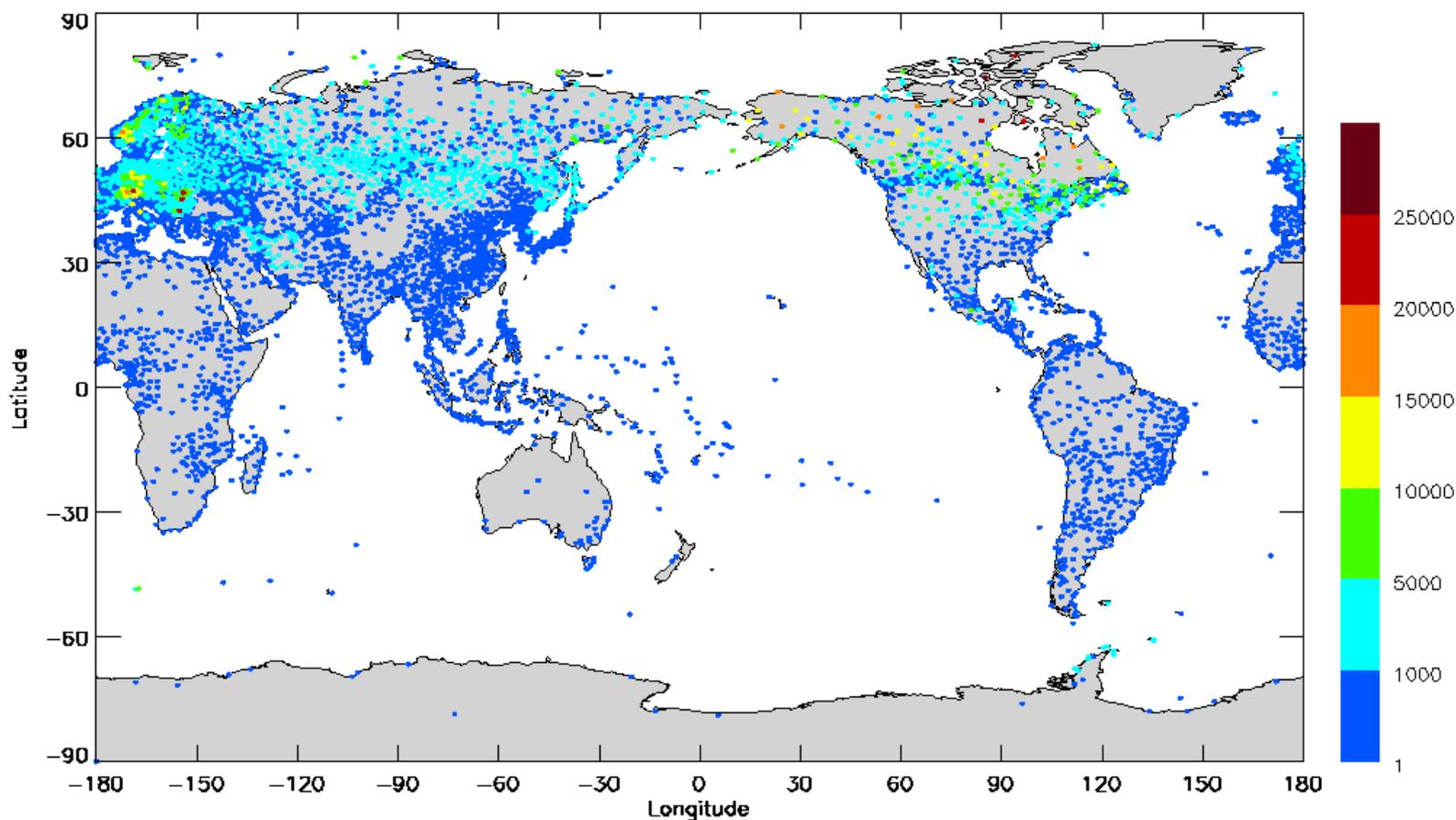
30 yrs. mean of maximum snow cover depth





# Global surface synoptic reports dataset

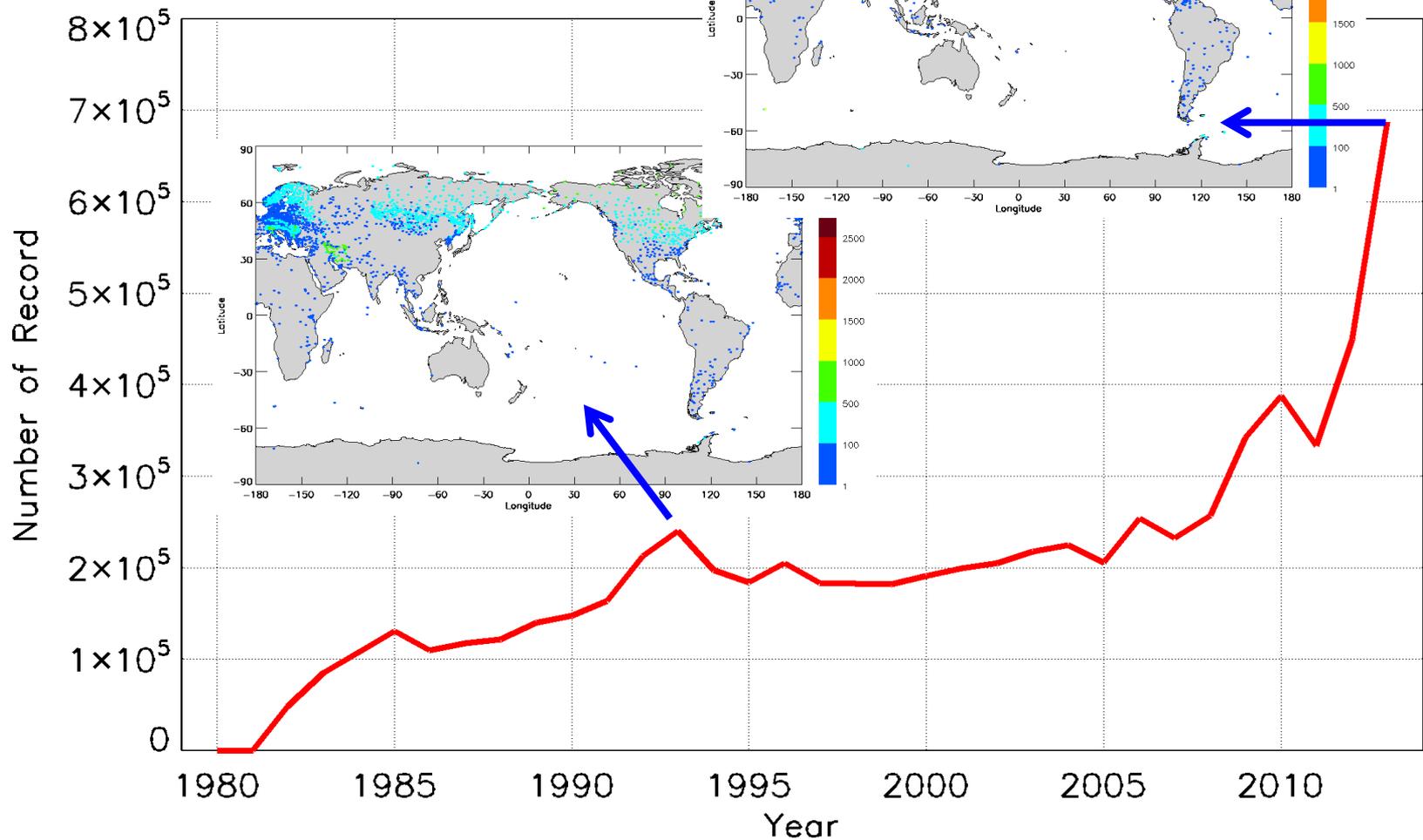
Distribution of snow cover depth observations (1980-2013)





# Global surface synoptic reports dataset

Yearly number of glob

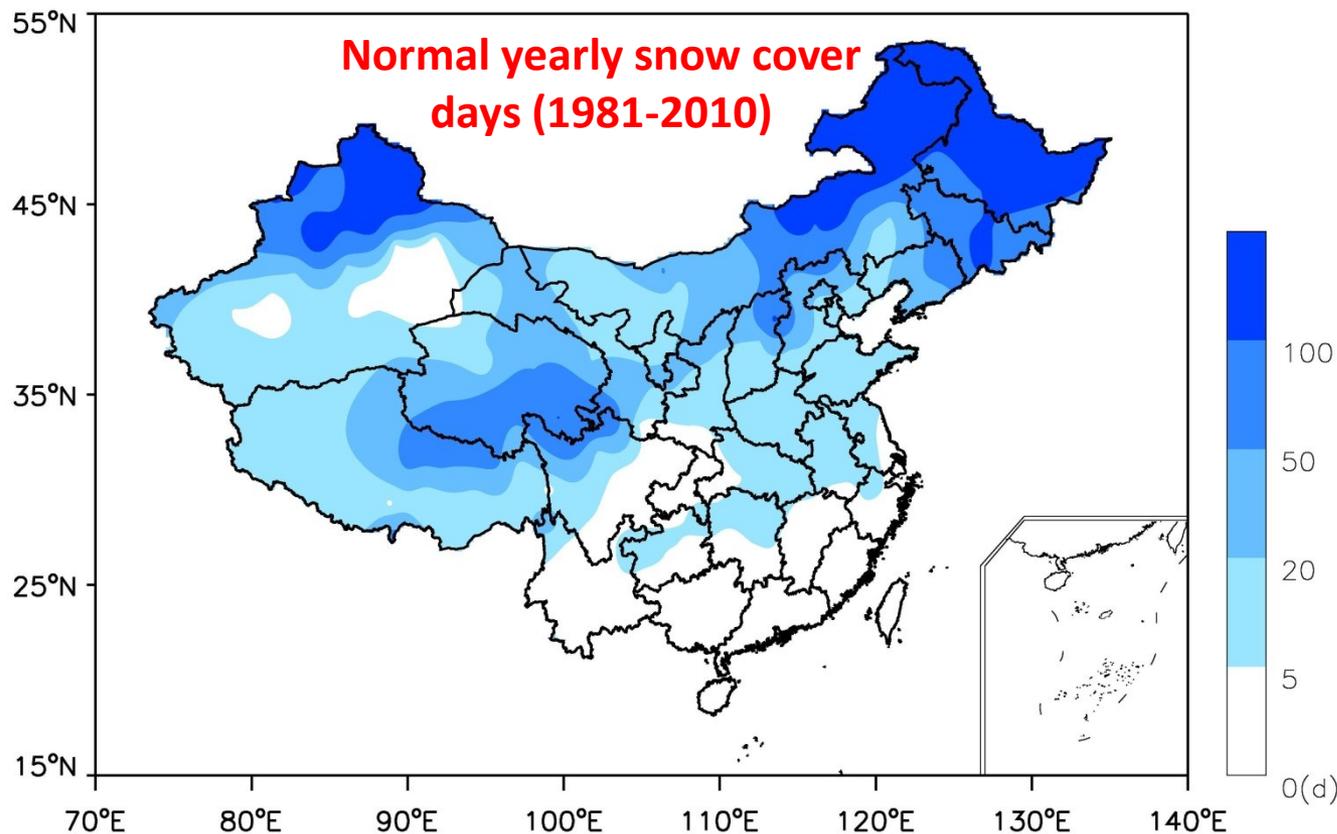




# Climate normal value

30 yrs. mean of monthly/yearly normal value

- snowfall days
- snow cover days
- maximum snow depth and its occurring date





**Thank you for your attention!**

Questions or suggestions?